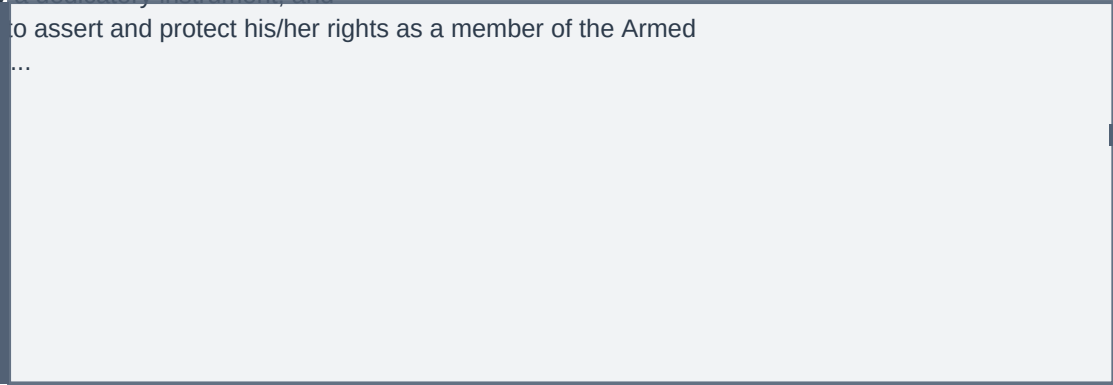


Section COVENANT ENFORCEMENT AND FINE POLICY - Sample Provision Excerpt (Public Preview)

rovide an opportunity to cure and may impose an immediate fine. Thi
ollowing are examples of acts considered incurable: (1) shootin
fireworks; (2) an act constituting a threat to health or safety; (3) a noise
(vii)
(viii)
prohibited by a dedicatory instrument; and

ISSUE #1 to assert and protect his/her rights as a member of the Armed
Forces of the ...



MARKUP #1 ->



MARKUP #1 · SUBJECTIVE OR OVERBROAD WORDING

BOARD & COUNSEL REVIEW

Sec. COVENANT ENFORCEMENT AND FINE POLICY (p. 6):
Enforcement/fining provision omits mandatory Texas Property Code § 209.006 certified mail notice, 30-day Board hearing request window, or HB 614 recorded fine schedule requirements.

Statutory / Legal Reference: Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006, § 209.0061 & § 209.007
Statutory Comparison: Under Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006 and § 209.007, an association may not levy a fine or suspend an owner's right to use a common area unless it first gives written notice by certified mail describing the violation, providing a reasonable period to cure (if curable and not a repeat violation within 6 months), and stating that the owner may request a hearing before the Board on or before the 30th day...

CURRENT WORDING IN DOCUMENT:
rovide an opportunity to cure and may impose an immediate fine. Thi
ollowing are examples of acts considered incurable: (1) shootin fireworks; (2) an act constituting a threat to health or safety; (3) a noise
(vii) (viii) prohibited by a dedicatory instrument; and His/her right to assert and protect his/her rights as a member of the Armed Forces of the...

SAMPLE DISCUSSION WORDING (FOR HOA ATTORNEY REVIEW):
Before the Association levies a fine, suspends an Owner's right to use a common area, or files suit other than to collect regular or special assessments or foreclose a lien, the Association shall give written notice to the Owner by certified mail in compliance with Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006.