ISSUE #1

and/or the Covenants of the Association, including any rules, guidelines or standards adopted pursuant to the Covenants, any Policy, or other governing document of the Association.

- The Board or Management may, when deemed necessary or appropriate, initiate Corrective Action in regard to any violation as outlined in this Policy. Should Corrective Actions (aka "Self-Help") be initiated, the Association shall issue a three (3) day notice which shall be posted to the front door of the residence. **No further notice is required, and all costs and fees associated with the abatement of Violation(s) through Corrective Actions shall be levied to the Owner's account for reimbursement to the Association**.

3. **Incurable Violations**

a.

(i) In the event the Violation is deemed to be an incurable violation or violation posing a threat to health or safety, the Association is not required by law to provide an opportunity to cure and may impose an immediate fines or Corrective Actions. The following are examples of acts considered incurable: (1) shooting fireworks or discharging a firearm; (2) an act constituting a threat to health or safety; (3) a noise violation that is not ongoing; (4) damaging Association property, including the removal or alteration of landscape; and (5) holding a garage sale or other event prohibited by a dedicatory instrument.

4. **Failure to Remedy and Notice of Fine**. Failure to either (i) submit complete plans and specifications showing that the Violation will be remedied, (ii) cease all non-remedial work immediately upon receipt of the Notice of Violation, and/or (iii) remedy the current Violation existing upon the Lot within the number of days specified in the notice(s) provided by the Association shall constitute a continuing Violation and result in one or more of the following:

(a) the imposition of violation fines as determined by the Board against the Owner; and/or

(b) the suspension of the right to enter upon and/or use any recreational facilities within the Common Area(s); and/or

(c) the pursuit of any other remedy available at law or in equity, under the Governing Documents or this Enforcement Policy including, but without limitation, the recording in the County Clerk's office, of a Notice that the Lot in question is in violation of restrictive covenants or an action for injunctive relief and civil damages.

Fine Structure. Unless otherwise provided herein, any single fine imposed pursuant to the provisions of this Enforcement Policy may not exceed $1,000.00 as determined by the Board and an Initial Fine of not less than $50.00 may be imposed for failure to remedy or cure the Violation. In the event the Owner fails to respond or comply by remedying or curing the Violation within fourteen (14) days after the Initial Fine, additional fines may be imposed as follows:

MARKUP #1 ->

MARKUP #1 · CONFLICTS WITH MANDATORY STATE STATUTE | BOARD & COUNSEL REVIEW

Sec. 15 (p. 4): Enforcement/fining provision omits mandatory Texas Property Code § 209.006 certified mail notice, 30-day Board hearing request window, or HB 614 recorded fine schedule requirements.

Statutory / Legal Reference: Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006, § 209.0061 & § 209.007

Statutory Comparison: Under Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006 and § 209.007, an association may not levy a fine or suspend an owner's right to use a common area unless it first gives written notice by certified mail describing the violation, providing a reasonable period to cure (if curable and not a repeat violation within 6 months), and stating that the owner may request a hearing before the Board on or before the 30th day after the notice was mailed. Further, under § 209.0061 (HB 614), the association must maintain and provide a recorded enforcement policy specifying general categories of restrictive covenants and a schedule of fines for each category.

CURRENT WORDING IN DOCUMENT:
of 54 D224123131 DocuSign Envelope ID: 4057F2E1-C3E2-40FF-8145-1C27018BBA4E COVENANT ENFORCEMENT AND FINE POLICY FOR REMINGTON FALLS HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. and/or the Covenants of the Association, including any rules, guidelines or standards adopted pursuant to the Covenants, any Policy, or other governing document of the Association.

SAMPLE DISCUSSION WORDING (FOR HOA ATTORNEY REVIEW):
Before the Association levies a fine, suspends an Owner's right to use a common area, or files suit other than to collect regular or special assessments or foreclose a lien, the Association shall give written notice to the Owner by certified mail in compliance with Tex. Prop. Code § 209.006. The notice must describe the violation, include a copy of or link to the Association's recorded enforcement and fine schedule policy required by Tex. Prop. Code § 209.0061 (HB 614), specify a reasonable cure period (for curable violations), and inform the Owner that they have thirty (30) days from the date notice is mailed to submit a written request for a hearing before the Board pursuant to Tex. Prop. Code § 209.007.